Government Engineering College Dahod Computer Engineering Department



Syllabus Mid-Semester Exam

Course Code: COMP405 EVEN TERM 2022-23

Course Name: Discrete Mathematics (3140708)

Sr. No.	Topics
1	Set Theory: Basic Concepts of Set Theory: Definitions, Inclusion, Equality of Sets, Cartesian product, The Power Set, Some operations on Sets, Venn Diagrams, Some Basic Set Identities Functions: Introduction & definition, Co-domain, range, image, value of a function; Examples, Surjective, injective, bijective; examples; Composition of functions, examples; Inverse function, Identity map, condition of a function to be invertible, examples; Inverse of composite functions, Properties of Composition of functions; Counting: The Basics of Counting, The Pigeonhole Principle, Permutations and Combinations, Binomial Coefficients, Generalized Permutations and Combinations, Generating Permutations and Combinations
2	Relations: Definition, Binary Relation, Representation, Domain, Range, Universal Relation, Void Relation, Union, Intersection, and Complement Operations on Relations, Properties of Binary Relations in a Set: Reflexive, Symmetric, Transitive, Anti-symmetric Relations, Relation Matrix and Graph of a Relation; Partition and Covering of a Set, Equivalence Relation, Equivalence Classes, Compatibility Relation, Maximum Compatibility Block, Composite Relation, Converse of a Relation, Transitive Closure of a Relation R in Set X Partial Ordering: Definition, Examples, Simple or Linear Ordering, Totally Ordered Set (Chain), Frequently Used Partially Ordered Relations, Representation of Partially Ordered Sets, Hasse Diagrams, Least & Greatest Members, Minimal & Maximal Members, Least Upper Bound (Supremum), Greatest Lower Bound (infimum), Well-ordered Partially Ordered Sets (Posets). Lattice as Posets, complete, distributive, modular and complemented lattices Boolean and pseudo Boolean lattices. (Definitions and simple examples only)
3	Graphs: Introduction, definition, examples; Nodes, edges, adjacent nodes, directed and undirected edge, Directed graph, undirected graph, examples; Initiating and terminating nodes, Loop (sling), Distinct edges, Parallel edges, Multi-graph, simple graph, weighted graphs, examples, Isolated nodes, Null graph; Isomorphic graphs, examples; Degree, Indegree, out-degree, total degree of a node, examples; Subgraphs: definition, examples; Converse (reversal or directional dual) of a digraph, examples; Path: Definition, Paths of a given graph, length of path, examples; Simple path (edge simple), elementary path (node simple), examples; Cycle (circuit), elementary cycle, examples; Reachability: Definition,

Government Engineering College Dahod Computer Engineering Department



geodesic, distance, examples; Properties of reachability, the triangle inequality; Reachable set of a given node, examples, Node base, examples; Connectedness: Definition, weakly connected, strongly connected, unilaterally connected, examples; Strong, weak, and unilateral components of a graph, examples, Applications to represent Resource allocation status of an operating system, and detection and correction of deadlocks; Matrix representation of graph: Definition, Adjacency matrix, boolean (or bit) matrix, examples; Determine number of paths of length n through Adjacency matrix, examples; Path (Reachability) matrix of a graph, examples; Warshall's algorithm to produce Path matrix, Flowchart.

Trees: Definition, branch nodes, leaf (terminal) nodes, root, examples; Different representations of a tree, examples; Binary tree, m-ary tree, Full (or complete) binary tree, examples; Converting any m-ary tree to a binary tree, examples; Representation of a binary tree: Linked-list; Tree traversal: Pre-order, in-order, post-order traversal, examples, algorithms; Applications of List structures and graphs

Date: 05-05-2023 [Dr. Manoj Kumar Singh]

Course Coordinator